# MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTH ASIA REVIEW

22 JUNE 1982

## Israeli Invasion of Lebanon

Military Situation -- Israeli artillery shelled west and south Beirut throughout 21 June causing extensive damage and hitting a number of targets including the street in front of the Soviet Embassy and the Acre hospital, according to Beirut radio reports. A Beirut medical source cited by Voice of Lebanon radio estimated that 20 people were killed and 75 wounded in the bombardment. Jerusalem radio noted a UPI report that the shelling was the heaviest since the cease-fire took effect. In an IDF radio interview, an Israeli artillery officer said there has been a steep decline in the intensity of "terrorist" artillery fire. The IDF spokesman confirmed that four Syrian tanks were destroyed in exchanges of fire east of Beirut, according to the radio. Statements broadcast by the clandestine Voice of Palestine radio claimed that Palestinian-Lebanese joint forces and Syrian forces confronted and checked an Israeli armored attack in the Ru'aysat an-Nu'man area, east of Beirut. The IDF exchanged artillery fire with Syrian forces in 'Alayh, according to the Voice of Lebanon.

Early on 22 June, Israeli forces reached Bkhishtay in a move to outflank and cut off their opponents in 'Alayh and Bhamdun, the Voice of Lebanon said, and Israeli armored columns moved toward Al-Mansuriyah in the Bhamdun area. The IDF spokesman announced that the IDF returned Syrian artillery fire from the Hammana area, north of the Beirut-Damascus road, and that Israeli planes attacked the sources of fire, IDF radio reported on 22 June. Beirut radio confirmed the renewed Israeli-Syrian clashes in the Lebanese mountains.

Soviet Embassy -- A high-ranking source in Jerusalem denied that IDF fire had hit the Soviet Embassy on 21 June, asserting that any hit on the embassy was by "terrorists' fire," Jerusalem radio reported. Citing eyewitnesses, AFP reported that a shell had fallen inside the embassy; IDF radio cited a UPI report that two diplomats were slightly wounded when a shell landed in the embassy garden. Israel's IDF radio reported that the Soviet Union had earlier transmitted a message to Prime Minister Menahem Begin warning Israel that responsibility for any harm to the Beirut embassy would "rest with the one commiting the harm."

PLO Proposals, Contacts -- In a statement to the French newspaper LE MONDE reported by Voice of Lebanon radio, PLO Executive Committee member Salah Khalaf proposed "disarmament in west Beirut" and the gathering together of the PLO fighters in the four Palestinian refugee camps in Beirut's southern suburb while also calling for Israel's withdrawal 10 km from Beirut, the opening of the Damascus road and the deployment of the Lebanese forces in the western part of Beirut, "around the camps and not inside them." Noting that this proposal is the "bottom line in our policy," he warned that "if our Lebanese friends and enemies consider that this formula, which is our last concession, is not acceptable, we will propose that we fortify ourselves in our camps to wage the final battle." Khalaf went on to criticize Syria for being "scared" while also expressing regret at the negative stand adopted by the Soviet Union.

Earlier, Beirut radio reported that National Salvation Council members Nabih Birri and Walid Junblatt met with PLO Executive Committee Chairman Yasir 'Arafat to reach an understanding on the way gunmen and weapons should be withdrawn and the Lebanese Army deployed in Beirut, Beirut radio reported. According to sources cited by the radio, the PLO supports the army's deployment in the capital but would first prefer an Israeli withdrawal from some positions or at least an Israeli commitment to a timetable for withdrawal before anything else is dicussed. According to another radio report, a PLO delegation headed by 'Arafat met with Lebanese Prime Minister Shafiq al-Wazzan, Birri and Junblatt during which political and military developments were discussed.

Reagan-Begin Meeting -- Jerusalem television, quoting a "senior White House source," reported that the talks between President Reagan and Prime Minister Begin resulted in agreement on "many points." The report noted that Israel and the United States agree on the need to "strengthen Lebanon" and the need to create a multinational force to police a buffer zone between Lebanon and Israel. According to the report, the White House source said President Reagan was "far less enthusiastic" about sending troops to Lebanon to take part in a multinational force. Both leaders, the source noted, agreed on the need for all forces, "including Syria and the PLO," to withdraw from Lebanon. The sources reported one point of friction during the talks which occurred when President Reagan reported to the Israeli prime minister on his talks with Arab leaders.

A later television report noted the U.S. believes the IDF should not withdraw until three "demands" are met: Lebanon is "strengthened"; all foreign forces withdraw; and a multinational force is established to defend a buffer zone between Lebanon and Israel.

Sharon, Ben-Elisar Remarks -- The IDF will stand firmly in Lebanon until a political arrangement is achieved, Israeli Defense Minister Ari'el Sharon said in a BBC television interview. If no arrangements are made, "we will stay," he added. Meanwhile, the chairman of the Knesset Defense and Foreign Affairs Committee, Eliyahu Ben-Elisar, said in a Jerusalem radio interview that Israel has no choice but to knock out what is left of the PLO in west Beirut.

Syrian Contacts, Cabinet Meeting -- PDRY leader 'Ali Nasir Muhammad paid a brief visit to Damascus and discussed the Lebanese situation with Syrian President Hafiz al-Asad, Aden radio reported. The two leaders evaluated the threat posed by the Israeli invasion and stressed the necessity of linking all Arab material, human, political and military potential in defense of the Palestinian Revolution. Al-Asad reaffirmed during the meeting that Syria will continue to shoulder its national duty of defending Lebanon and the Palestinian Revolution, SANA reported.

The "U.S.-Israeli" direct military intervention in Lebanon is placing the region on the verge of an all-out war, according to a Syrian Cabinet assessment reported by Damascus television. During a meeting with Prime Minister 'Abd ar-Ra'uf al-Kashm, the Cabinet discussed the current situation in Lebanon and conducted a detailed assessment of the general situation including U.S. envoy Philip Habib's talks in Damascus, Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev's letter to Al-Asad and the outcome of visits by Soviet diplomatic and military officials.

## Iran-Iraq Conflict

Further on Khomeyni Speech -- In his 21 June speech to clergymen, broadcast by Tehran radio, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni said that if Iran defeats Iraq, "Iraq will be annexed to Iran," that is the Iraqi people will overthrow their rulers and link themselves with the Iranian nation. If Iran and Iraq can merge, he added, all the small nations of the region will join them. Asserting that Iranian forces should "go to Lebanon by defeating Iraq," Khomeyni said the Iraqis should not be allowed to rest, rally their resources and inflict a surprise attack. According to the radio's headline report of the speech, Khomeyni also stressed that if Iraq refuses to pay reparations to Iran, "we shall continue the war and will make you pay."

Military Situation -- An Iraqi military communique carried by INA said Iraqi forces continued to abide by the cease-fire but were forced to reply to Iranian artillery bombardment of Basra.

## Iran

Islamic revolution guards killed 17 top members of the Mojahedin-e Khalq and arrested another 14 during operations in Tehran, Tehran radio reported. The radio also reported that eight more members of the organization were killed during street clashes with the guards.

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RATEBZAD, OTHERS RECEIVE SOVIET AWARDS

LD212044 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] Dr Anahita Ratebzad, member of the PDPA Central Committee Politburo, president of the DRA Peace, Solidarity and Friendship Organization and chairman of the Afghan-Soviet Friendship Society, has received a diploma and a gold medal from the Soviet prizes coordinating committee. The Soviet-Afghan Friendship medal was awarded for her outstanding services and fruitful activities on behalf of peace and friendship and for promoting reciprocal understanding between the Afghan and Soviet peoples.

The Soviet-Afghan Friendship diplomas and medals for 1981 were distributed to a number of winners today during a ceremony which took place at the office of the Afghan societies for friendship with foreign countries. Present at the ceremony were Politburo members, secretaries of the PDPA Central Committee, the chairman of the DRA Council of Ministers, PDPA Central Committee members, and the Soviet ambassador in Kabul.

The BAKHTAR correspondent reports that at the beginning of the ceremony 'Abdolmajid Sarboland, vice chairman of the Council of Ministers and minister of information and culture, spoke about the good friendly relations between the DRA and the Soviet Union. He considered the Afghan-Soviet Friendship prizes as yet another major and positive step toward further strengthening these relations.

Then Soviet Ambassador in Kabul Tabeyev made a speech. He described the nature of the Afghan-Soviet Friendship prizes. The Soviet ambassador said: Decisions concering the awards will be taken annually on the eve of the April Revolution; and special diplomas, a badge and money awards will be presented to the winners. Also, preparations will be made for [word indistinct] of a visit to the Soviet Union.

The Soviet ambassador said: Today we are awarding honorary diplomas and medals to the first group of prize winners. With pleasure I would like to inform you that the decision was made to award Medal No 1 and the first diploma to Dr Anahita Ratebzad, member of the PDPA Central Committee Politburo and chairman of the Afghan-Soviet Friendship Society.

In conclusion, the Soviet ambassador congratulated the winners on obtaining the medals.

After the Soviet ambassador distributed the prizes and medals to the winners, Dr Anahita Ratebzad said: At this moment, when we have the honor of receiving the great gift of friendship for our work, which is not yet worthy of that, more than ever before we feel the weight of our duties and responsibilities to the homeland and to the USSR [as heard]. I assure you, and through you all fraternal Soviet people, the Leninist party, the Soviet state and the Soviet-Afghan Society, that we will make every effort, with faith, consistency and resolution, to consolidate this friendship, which is found in the hearts of the masses and peoples from one end of the country to the other, and throughout the world.

In conclusion, Dr Anahita Ratebzad said: Taking this opportunity, I would like to express deepest thanks and revolutionary greetings of all our compatriots, comrades and friends, particularly all those who have obtained Afghan-Soviet Friendship prizes, and on my own behalf to the Soviet-Afghan Friendship Society for their decision, which is indicative of the selfless and disinterested friendship of the Soviet-Afghan Friendship Society.

The BAKHTAR correspondent adds that the following medals were awarded: Medal No 1, from the Union of Soviet Societies for Friendship and Cultural Relations With Foreign Countries, to Dr Anahita Ratebzad; Medal No 2, from the Soviet journalists, to the DARAFSH-E JAWANAN [YOUTHS BANNER] of Afghanistan; Medal No 3, from the Soviet painters union to Rahmatollah; Medal No 4, to [name indistinct]; Medal No 5 to Mohammad (Ashraf); Medal No 6, from the Soviet Union of Cinema Workers to Toryalai Gheshtalay; Medal No 7, from the Soviet Union of Writers to [name indistinct]; Medal No 8, from Soviet musicians union to Mashur Jamal; and Medal No 9, from the all-Soviet theater to Rafiq Sadeq.

ERSHAD INTERVIEWED ON DOMESTIC SITUATION, POLICY

BK211551 Dacca Domestic Service in Bengali 0100 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] Chief Martial Law Administrator [CMLA] Lt Gen H.M. Ershad said that the present government is going to introduce a permanent system in the country to save the people from repeated sufferings as victims of corrupt politics. In a special interview telecast on Bangladesh television last night, the CMLS said that the government is determined to bring about a revolutionary change in the country to ensure a secure future for the nation.

General Ershad said that the government is committed to carrying the nation forward toward progress by bringing about structural changes in the country's economic and social order. He said the long-term changes being contemplated by the present government will make it different from the previous martial law regimes.

Replying to a question, the CMLA said that democracy as such has not failed, rather imitating foreign policies has failed in our country. Referring to countries like Singapore, South Korea and Japan, he said that they have evolved their own political system suited to their needs.

General Ershad regretted that in our country we have not been able to evolve our own industrial policy or achieved progress in the political field because, he said, we could not introduce a political system suitable to our own country which could take the nation forward. He said that he considered democracy as a state system which will carry Bangladesh along the path of lasting progress.

The CMLA told the interviewer that in view of the rapid deterioration of the political, economic and law and order situation, the proclamation of martial law last March had become inevitable. After the death of President Ziaur Rahman the capital investment in the country practically came to a standstill and the nation hovered on the verge of economic collapse. At this critical moment for the nation, the persons in power were engaged in sharing the nation's wealth among themselves. Such a situation could never be allowed to continue for a long time in any civilized nation.

The CMLA said that one of the biggest failures on the part of our political parties was that in the past they did not set up any institution which could win the confidence and respect of the people.

The CMLA said that corruption was rampant everywhere in the country. He said revolutionary changes will occur in any social system riddled with corruption. He said that through our joint endeavor of inflicting punishment and bringing about social reforms we will continue our holy war against corruption.

Referring to his government's efforts to start the decentralization of the administrative system with the police station as the center, General Ershad said that this system will enable the central administration to reach the doorsteps of the rural people. In this critical moment the country needs an administration which will be responsible, which meets the needs of the people, and which is also bound by a pledge to the public. With this objective in view, the present government has undertaken the task of decentralization of the administration.

On industrialization, the CMLA said that the government will pursue a steady economic policy. He hoped that with the joint efforts of all people, Bangladesh will be able to become an industrialized nation within the next 10 years.

About student politics, the CMLA said that students and youth are the future and principle force of the nation. The government hopes that intelligent students and youths will pay attention to national politics. Student politics, however, cannot be allowed to be controlled by bad elements.

The CMLA stressed the need for women to participate in the building of the nation. Women, who constituted half of the population of the country, can make a giant contribution in the progress and prosperity of the nation.

On land reform General Ershad said that without administrative land reforms in the country, the conditions of the farmers cannot improve. The government has drawn up a plan on land ownership and an announcement in this regard will be made soon. The government is considering the introduction of a system of cultivation on a joint and cooperative basis.

Regarding the food situation in the country, General Ershad said that the food situation is satisfactory and we have been able to overcome the food problem.

On the role of the armed forces in the country, General Ershad said that the armed forces can act as a balancing force in our political and social affairs. The armed forces -- with their skills and capabilities -- can meet the shortage in the organizational, administrative, technical and engineering fields in the country. The services of the patriotic armed forces should naturally be used in the reconstruction of a harmonious, powerful and united nation, he said.

On the possibility of reintroducing democratic practices in the country, the CMLA said that it will depend on the people. He said, however, that with the effective implementation of different programs and projects of the present government the responsibility of the armed forces will be completed. He hoped that in about 2 years the responsibility of the martial law government will be accomplished.

## FORMER SHIPPING MINISTER SENTENCED IN ABSENTIA

BK211454 Dacca Domestic Service in Bengali 1200 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Excerpt] The five-member Special Martial Law Tribunal No 1 has found former Port, Shipping and Inland Water Transportation Minister Nurul Haq guilty of corruption and abuse of official position under Regulation 11 of Martial Law Regulation 1 of 1982 and convicted and sentenced him to suffer rigorous imprisonment of 7 years. In a unanimous judgment today, the tribunal also confiscated all of the accused's property.

(A.A. Zainuddin Ahmed), former regional representative of Bangladesh Shipping Corporation in London, a codefendant in the trial, was found not guilty and acquitted. The trial was held in absentia as the accused persons have absconded.

## BRIEFS

JUTE TO SOVIET UNION -- The Soviet Union is to buy jute goods worth over 120 million rupees from Bangladesh. An agreement to this effect was signed in Dacca on 2 June. [Text] [Dacca Domestic Service in English 1705 GMT 2 Jun 82 BK]

ZAIL SINGH PROPOSED AS PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE

BK220748 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0730 GMT 22 Jun 82

[Text] The nomination papers of Zail Singh, Congress-I candidate for the presidential election, have been filed. His name was proposed by Prime Minister Mrs Gandhi and 10 of her Cabinet colleagues and seconded by 11 members of Parliament.

Parliamentary Affairs Minister Bhisma Narain Singh filed the nomination papers before the returning officer Sudershan Agarwal at about 1130 this morning. A large number of leaders, including Finance Minister Pranab Mukherjee, Petroleum Minister Shiv Shanker and Congress-I members of Parliament were present at the time of filing of the nominations. Zail Zingh's name was chosen by the Congress-I Parliamentary Board at its meeting held in New Delhi yesterday.

Zail Singh has submitted his resignation as the union home minister to Mrs Gandhi.

OPPOSITION FIELDS MUKHERJEE FOR PRESIDENT

BK211706 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] Nine opposition parties have fielded Professor Hiren Mukherjee, a former member of Parliament [and currently CPI National Council member], as their candidate for the coming presidential election. The parties are: the Lok Dal, the Janata, the Bharatiya Janata Party, Congress-S, Congress-J, Communist Party of India, Communist Party of India-Marxist, Democratic Socialist Party and forward bloc.

The All-India Radio special correspondent adds that the Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam [DMK], Anna-DMK and Muslim League are not among the sponsors of the candidature of Mukherjee.

CONGRESS-J AGAINST OPPOSITION FIELDING CANDIDATE

BK190929 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 19 Jun 82

[Text] Congress-J is against the opposition fielding a candidate for the presidential poll in the absence of a consensus. The party general secretary, Brij Mohan, said in a statement in New Delhi yesterday that Jagjivan Ram is not at all willing to contest the presidential election.

Chairman of the Democratic Socialist Party H.N. Bahuguna said in Chandigarh the opposition parties have no hesitation in accepting a candidate for presidentship if Mrs Gandhi can suggest a better candidate. He said the opposition leaders will decide about their next course of action at their joint meeting to be held in New Delhi on Monday [21 June].

'EXTREMIST ELEMENTS' KILL FOUR IN MIZORAM

BK210917 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] In Mizoram, four persons were shot dead last night at a place near (Nathial) about 180 km south of Aijal.

Chief Secretary A.H. (Scott) told the All-India Radio correspondent this morning that the miscreants are believed to be members of the outlawed Mizo National Front [MNF]. (Scott) said that the extremists are trying to create panic by killing innocent people, but the government will not spare any effort in bringing to book the culprits involved in recent killings.

He said 10 persons have been arrested as a precautionary measure to prevent a recurrence of violence. Meanwhile, intensive patrolling is being maintained all over the union territory by the security forces to apprehend the extremist elements.

13-NATION CONSORTIUM APPROVES INCREASED AID

BK151630 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 15 Jun 82

[Text] The Aid-India consortium has pledged aid worth about 33,000 million rupees to India for the current financial year. This represents a 5.7-percent increase over last year's commitment.

At the end of its 2-day session in Paris today, the 13-nation consortium broadly endorsed the policies adopted by India to maintain its development efforts. The World Bank, which is a constituent of the consortium, indicated that its share in the total aid to India will be around 20,000 million rupees.

The leader of the Indian team, R.N. Malhotra, secretary in the Department of Economic Affairs of the Finance Ministry, expressed satisfaction over the consortium's decision. He said the consortium appreciated the strategy adopted by India for increasing production and for promoting the welfare of the people.

Malhotra on Aid

BK181311 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1230 GMT 18 Jun 82

[Text] The Finance Ministry says there is no general recession in the economy of the country and the credit restrictions are not hampering productive activity in any way. The secretary in the Department of Economic Affairs, R.N. Malhotra, told newsmen in New Delhi that the price situation is also very much in control.

Replying to a question on the decline in the demand for commercial vehicles, tractors and fertilizers, Malhotra said it only indicates adjustment between demand and supply. He said the demand for commercial vehicles was (?unexpected) because of large numbers of false registrations. About fertilizers, he said the supply position has eased and farmers are in no hurry to buy and store them.

Malhotra, who led the Indian team at the Aid-India consortium meeting in Paris last week, has expressed satisfaction over the outcome. The consortium pledged aid worth about 33 billion rupees for the current financial year. This is 5.7 percent more in terms of U.S. dollars over the last years.

About complaints regarding lapses in the use of aid, Malhotra said by and large India's record has been good. During the last 3 years we spent almost all the aid available, he added.

BRIEFS

WORLD BANK LOAN -- The World Bank has granted a loan of about 2.25 billion rupees for the expansion of the rural electrification program in 14 states. The project will benefit about 500,000 households and 100,000 commercial consumers. [Text] [Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 4 Jun 82 BK]

IFC LOAN -- International Finance Corporation, an affiliate of the World Bank, has announced a 640-million-rupees loan to help expand India's man-made fiber industry. The private sector enterprise will produce annually 60,000 tons of principal raw material for polyester fiber and yarn production. [Text] [Delhi Domestic Service in English 0240 GMT 4 Jun 82 BK]

HAQ ADDRESSES MAJLIS ON FOREIGN, DOMESTIC ISSUES

BK220510 Karachi Domestic Service in English 1700 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] President Gen Mohammad Ziaul Haq has called upon the Islamic countries saying that, realizing the responsibilities and crucial nature of the situation facing the Islamic world and to protect their rights, the Islamic countries must assemble on one platform.

Addressing the Majlis-i-Shoora [Federal Advisory Council] this afternoon, he said the Islamic countries must forget their differences and unitedly fight Israeli expansionism and aggression.

He announced the establishment of the president's fund for Palestinian brethren subjected to Israeli aggression and appealed to the people to contribute generously to this fund. He also called on them to offer special prayers on the first Friday of the holy month of Ramadan after the Friday prayers for the solidarity of the Muslim community and success of the valiant struggle of the Palestinian people. He also asked non-Muslim Pakistanis to pray in this connection at their place of worship.

The president regretted that in this critical time the Muslim world, being in disarray, could not face the tragic crisis and Israel had fully benefited from the Iran-Iraq war. He said they tirelessly participated in the efforts of the Islamic community peace committee for reconciliation. Today's news makes us grateful that some signs for the end of the conflict are appearing at last. We welcome Iraq's announcement that the Iraqi forces would be withdrawn from the remaining occupied areas in Iran.

President Mohammad Ziaul Haq said the Muslim world was embraced in oppression and agony. In their neighborhood, in Panjsher in Afghanistan, the enemy forces have mounted a massive attack on the Afghan freedom fighters which they have resolutely resisted and are resisting. But the greatest tragedy confonting the Muslim world is Israel's barbaric aggression against Lebanon. Pakistan has done its best to support its Palestinian and Lebanese brethren. Two Pakistani cargo aircraft carrying essential items have reached Damascus to help the war-affected people. Two more aircraft with medicine, foodstuff, tents, clothes and blankets are scheduled to leave. A Pakistani medical mission is also ready to leave.

Referring to the budget for the next financial year, the president said its most outstanding aspect is that it is an important step in the direction of the enforcement of the Islamic system. He referred to the huge amount collected as zakat during the last 2 years and said the collection of usher [agricultural produce tax] will now also begin on a self-assessment basis from the next spring crop. With this the fundamental needs of the establishment of an Islamic economic system in the country would be fulfilled. He also mentioned the allocations made in the budget for other Islamic purposes.

The president said the development strategy in the new budget is to enhance the productive capacity of the agricultural and industrial sector to an extent that they may enable us to meet our requirements and free us from the burden of external aid.

He said by the grace of God Almighty we have become self-sufficient in our food requirements by waging a hard struggle during the last 2 or 3 years.

He said besides developing the means of communications and transport in rural areas, they have to set up such small and big industrial units as may meet various needs of mechanised farming. With the [word indistinct] of the [Karachi] steel mill, the huge expenditure incurred every year on the import of such essential items as iron and steel will now gradually decrease.

Referring to the price hike, the president said it was not only Pakistan's problem -- it is an international problem. Despite the international scourge of the price hike, by the grace of God, the condition in Pakistan is better than in many other countries. He referred to the artificial price hike created deliberately by the [word indistinct] profiteers and black sheep, and hoped that the trading and commercial community will cooperate in curbing the activities of these elements and the prices of consumer goods will stay at a fixed level during the month of Ramadan.

Referring to the allocation for defense, the president said he was fully conscious of the sentiments of the members of the Majlis-i-Shoora and their demands for increased allocation in view of the situation around Pakistan. He emphatically declared that national defense is their paramount duty and no sacrifice is too great for it.

He said that seen in the light of the price hike, the allocation for defense remains almost at last year's level. He said it has been their effort that there should be some balance of moderation on the huge expenditure incurred on development and the defense of the country.

It has been our established policy from the very beginning to promote peace and security. We want peace and progress not only in our country but all over the world. So the directive principle of the foreign policy of Pakistan has always been to promote international relations on the basis of mutually beneficial friendship and respect keeping in view national and state security. But while pursuing this basic policy of peace and security, we should not forget that weakness from the defense point of view does not guarantee peace and security.

The president said our defense preparations are of a defensive nature and as a nation we have every right to prepare for defense. He assured the nation that the arrangements made for the solidarity, security and defense of Pakistan are strong. There is no room for any concern about the defense of Pakistan.

Referring to democracy, the president reiterated that it has not failed in our country. In fact, no effort was made to set the democratic process in motion and to continue it. Some individuals throttled democratic principles after capturing power in the name of democracy. He said he will have to think over the objective of future elections and promotion of democratic institutions to insure that the individuals elected are not only honest and upright but also have complete faith in the ideology of Pakistan.

The president expressed the confidence that the entire nation was with him in the enforcement of an Islamic system. He was also confident that when the elections will be held the nation will elect only those who come up to the mark of the type of democracy they want to establish.

The president said the sanctity of the holy month of Ramadan will be maintained at all cost.

RELIEF GOODS SENT TO AID PLO, LEBANESE

GF201140 Karachi DAWN in English 18 Jun 82 p 1

[Text] Islamabad, June 17 -- Two C-130 planes left Islamabad on Thursday afternoon for Damascus carrying relief goods for the PLO and their Lebanese allies fighting against Israeli aggression in the Lebanon.

The planes, on their way back, will bring home a number of Pakistanis who have arrived in Damascus from Lebanon and are presently stranded there.

The relief goods include rice, sugar, tents, blankets, clothing and medicines worth about 1.50 million dollars. -- APP

KHOMEYNI: LIBERATE IRAQ BEFORE LEBANON

GF211415 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Speech by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni to Tehran and Qom clergymen on eve of Ramadan, presumably in Hoseyniyeh Jamaran -- recorded, duration 59 minutes]

[Excerpts] [25-minute passage indistinct] [chants of "God is great," "Khomeyni is the leader," "Death to [words indistinct]," "Death to the United States and the Soviet Union," "Death to the hypocrites and Saddam"]

(?Since advising) the gentlemen and the faithful is beneficial, I shall make a few remarks on the subject. All the gentlemen, wherever they are in the country and while they hear my voice, whether they are from among the ulema, congregational and Friday prayer leaders, or from among the [word indistinct] who are also from ulema, all those who are the clergymen in charge of the affairs in the provinces must know that today the honor of the Islamic Republic is in your hands. Should, God forbid, you commit acts which are not correct for clergymen, interfere without cause, then this Islamic Republic will be soiled.

The government must maintain its power. Today the government is an Islamic one and it is our duty to support this Islamic government. The officials from the government who go everywhere are officials of the Islamic government.

Should, God forbid, such an official do something contrary to your taste or Islam because he makes a mistake or is not well-informed, do not confront him to weaken him. Advise him and if he continues to ignore you, then go to the authorities. The Friday imams of the province must not [word indistinct] him.

Those among the army or other organizations who have Islamic societies must not interfere in matters outside their jurisdiction. They must guide the government, the officials of the government and all the individuals among them. If someone does not listen, then they should go to the officials who are in charge. It will be solved. In order to defend the honor of Islam -- you are its guardians -- and the honor of the Islamic Republic -- you are its guards too -- avoid interfering with the duties of others and do not do things you must not do. Guide everyone.

Let me say something that I may have said before. From the beginning when we entered the arena and when the signs of victory began to appear, in all my interviews with those who came to see me in An-Najaf and Paris and in all my speeches I always said that the job of the clergymen is above administrative affairs and that if Islam wins then the clergy will undertake their jobs.

However, when we entered the scene we realized that if we told all the clergy to go to their mosques, then the country would be swallowed up by the United States or the Soviet Union. We experienced it and saw that those who reached the top and were not from among the clergy -- even though some were faithful -- were unable, did not want to follow the road which we wished to follow: the road of independence and self-sufficiency without bowing to the superpowers. Therefore, when we say we were unable to find (?many) individuals who would work for the purpose this nation of ours sacrificed its youth and belongings for, then we were forced to choose our president from among the ulema and sometimes even our prime minister and other officials in areas which we previously had said we had no desire to do.

I say it now: The day we realize that the country is being run according to the decrees of the Almighty by a group who are not clergymen, then Mr Khamene'i will go back to his role as a prominent clergyman in charge of overseeing affairs and so will the other gentlemen.

So long as there is doubt among us, even if there is one chance in a million that the presence of one individual or group endangers the honor of Islam, then we will go and stop it however we can -- even if they call us the country of mullahs, the rule of Akhundism or some such labels. Of course, these are weapons to force us out of the scene. We will not leave the arena. [sound of laughter]

These are some of the things that I wished to say to the gentlemen. I hope that in the holy month of Ramadan, in this great month, they pray for the Islamic Republic and also guide the people so that they remain on the scene. The people should not think that we have won and there is no longer any need for them. They are always needed. The government cannot govern alone. The nation has to be with it.

Our war is not over yet. We are still at war. So long as we are at war, our youths should help at the fronts. We, today, need our youths in the same manner as before when our dear youths went to the fronts and many of them achieved the presence of God and the gift of martyrdom. The plots are growing.

The matter that is a topic of the day and that I wish to talk about is, following the paralysis of the superpowers, especially the United States, in all the plots and when they realized the war they started for us is, God willing, nearing the end, then it [the United States] started a new and deeper plot. In this plot we were also [words indistinct]. A point which is very important for us and we are very sensitive about is that it brought about the [word indistinct] to divert our nation's attention from the war taking place in its own country.

The matter of the Israeli attack against Lebanon: The United States knew we and our nation are sensitive about the Lebanese nation as well as about Israel. This is a trap set by the United States. It sent its servant to attack Lebanon and cause such damage and commit such criminal acts. We know that if by destroying millions of people the United States can gain some benefit, they will do it.

We have recognized this in the superpowers. Those in the (?country of the oppressed) are not thinking of what is happening to people's wives and children. Their goals are to maintain Saddam in power and keep Iran -- which in their opinion is far more important than Lebanon and other places -- safe for themselves.

The United States sees that we have a common border of hundreds of kilometers with the Soviet Union. What frightens the United States is the Soviet Union. It is afraid that, should Saddam be destroyed, then the Soviet Union might be able to do some damn thing in this area. However, we see that it cannot.

But I cannot do anything afterward. [sentence as heard] The nation is present on the scene and no one can do anything. Apart from this, (?we have seen) that if the war between Iran and Iraq continues and if in the war Iran defeats Iraq, Iraq will be annexed to Iran; that is, the nation of Iraq, the oppressed people of Iraq, will free themselves from the talons of the tyrannical clique and will link themselves with the Iranian nation.

They will set up their own government according to their own wishes -- an Islamic one. If Iran and Iraq can merge and be amalgamated, all the diminutive nations of the region will join them.

And the United States, which is ready to sacrifice thousands of its troops and thousands of its men, will be deprived of this rich area. Its plan was to instigate Begin to attack Lebanon because when Lebanon is attacked, Iran's sensitivity is aroused and it will concentrate its (?forces) to annihilate him. If Iran neglects the Iraqi war, Iraq will complete its mission and Iran will be rendered helpless.

This is the plan. Therefore, our nation, our statesmen should be aware of this: While we do not consider it a separate issue from Iran as regards interests and (?objectives), we should do something; that is, if we cannot liberate Iran and Lebanon, we should refrain from it [as heard].

If today all eyes are focused on Lebanon, and if all the powers and speakers speak of Lebanon, and if all the writers talk about Lebanon, it is a (?victory) for the United States for Iran to forget its own war and thus lose Iraq and Lebanon. It cannot do anything in Iraq or in Lebanon. Our course is that we should go to Lebanon via Iraq, not directly.

You may observe that recently the world media [word indistinct] which I have seen did not mention the Iran-Iraq war. All of them talk about Lebanon. Or maybe they do say a word or two. All else is about Lebanon. All the radios, before the attack by this man, this coward, on Lebanon, talked of Iran and its war with Iraq. The plan of the United States was to divert Iran from its war with Iraq and to turn its attention to an issue it is sensitive about: Lebanon. As of today, see what these radios, the mouthpieces of the foreigners, say about Iran.

You should know that what is being said by Iraq, from the Iraqi majlis [presumably RCC], that they are going to evacuate Iranian territory is a conspiracy. They do not want to evacuate. They wish to (?deceive) us and divert our youths from the warfronts. When our volunteers announce that 10,000, 20,000 or 100,000 of us want to register, they wish to dampen their enthusiasm so that they will not go. When they do not go, God forbid, Iraq will become victorious and [word indistinct]. If Iraq is victorious, rest assured that you will not be able to do anything in Lebanon. Therefore, it is imperative that we foil this plot by the United States.

All our speakers throughout the country, all our Friday imams the length and breadth of our country should proclaim that we should go to Lebanon by defeating Iraq. Iraq should not be allowed to rest and rally all its resources and receive help from others as it consolidates its borders and then inflicts a surprise attack and things return to where they were before. This sort of negligence would be (?fatal). All the speakers are aware of this, whether they are Friday imams or mosque imams, speakers or writers. They are dutybound to unmask this conspiracy and proclaim this to alert the people to be aware of the warfronts and to awaken them. We want to liberate Jerusalem, but we cannot do so until we deliver the Iraqi nation from this accursed party. We consider Lebanon a part of ourselves, but before we liberate it we must liberate Iraq.

I do not know if this communique or announcement issued by Saddam, which is very lengthy, has been perused by them. If not, they should find it. In my opinion, they have written it; those who have the plan in hand have written it and given it to Saddam to read. And what I deduce from my opinion of Saddam is that he is not capable of deep thought or of writing such things. It is beyond him. You do not know how much delirium there is in the speech. Anyone with the comprehension of a first grader would not have read it like this, these things which were written for him.

He says that their retreat is a big victory for Iraq. [laughter] "We have delivered the Iraqi nation from this so-called Islamic country."

If he speaks the truth, it means we have attained one of our objectives. But we have other objectives as well which have to be accomplished and until then we are at war. All the losses inflicted on us which he has admitted, the losses inflicted on Iran, are innumerable.

This man has no idea of the political issues and says that the losses inflicted on Iran cannot be gauged. Therefore, they cannot be compensated. At least that is what he will say tomorrow. [laughter]

You [Saddam] are the one who attacked first. The world knows it, so who are you trying to convince now? You are talking about your own (?suicidal) attempt. Why did you not read what they had written for you at least once?

When they announced a unilateral cease-fire, about 20-30 persons were wounded and some killed in Abadan alone. It is just like the cease-fire of Begin, who announces a cease-fire and then commits crimes later. The world knows what kind of persons they are.

I hope Almighty God and the beneficent may bless all of us, our nation and the bounties which He has endowed us with as always. May they continue as always and in this auspicious month of Ramadan all should raise their hands in prayer for the Islamic Republic, Lebanon, Palestine and all the oppressed of the world. May the blessings of God be upon you! [chants]

KHAMENE'I: IRAQI 'SINS' WILL NEVER BE PARDONED

LD211342 Tehran IRNA in English 1005 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] Tehran, June 20, IRNA -- In a meeting with Imam Khomeyni, President Khamene'i today paid a humble tribute to the martyr Dr Mohammad Beheshti and the group of 72 top-ranking government officials who were martyred at the headquarters of the Islamic Republic Party [IRP] this day [as received] last year. Khamene'i, who was delivering a commemoration speech in the presence of the relatives of the group of 72 at the Hoseyniyeh Jamaran, said the martyrdom of the group had been a turning point in the growth of the Islamic revolution in Iran, and one which had in its own right ensured the perpetuation of the revolution.

He said the bombing at the headquarters of the Islamic Republic Party this day last year had in fact climaxed a series of desperate efforts by the enemies of the Islamic revolution for diverting the course of the Islamic revolution.

Reflecting on the opposition groups within the earlier Cabinets and without mentioning any former official in name, Khamene'i said that there had been "cancerous tumours" which had been removed from the main body of the revolution and which expectably cuased subsequent bloodshed.

He said the bombing of the IRP headquarters was a plot conceived by "the world counter-revolution, that is, the great Satan (U.S.) and its flunkeys in retaliation for the decisive stand of the people and of Imam Khomeyni towards the counterrevolution here. He said by doing so the enemies of the Islamic revolution meant to blunt the people's zeal for the revolution, and dampen their enthusiasm and thereby bring the Islamic Republic to its knees.

He said in homage to the group: "As Islam was perpetuated by Imam Hoseyn's foaming blood, so we may rightly recognise such of our sons as having had a similar role in our contemporary history".

Elsewhere in his speech the president said that by staging the Zionist invasion of southern Lebanon, the enemies of the Islamic revolution thought they could thereby overshadow and divert attention from "the crimes and the countless sinful acts of this (Iraqi) regime. These sins will never be forgotten nor pardoned." He said that the Islamic Republic could not afford to let Saddam Husayn and the Ba'thist Party off without due punishment for the crimes that they had committed in Iran.

He said as the Islamic Republic had rejected a forced truce upon Iran, so it would reject a ceasefire in Lebanon. Said he: "They (the Lebanese) should not agree to a ceasefire. In our view a pax Americana and anything of that sort in Lebanon would be equally unacceptable for us."

ARMED FORCES JOINT STAFF COMMUNIQUE NO 950

LD201930 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 20 Jun 82

[Communique No 950 of the Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran]

[Text] In His exalted name. Some of the efforts and self-sacrifices of the combatants of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran which took place during the past 24 hours in order to crush and destroy the aggressive Iraqi Army on the southern and western fronts are brought to the attention of our dear compatriots:

During an exchange of artillery and heavy-weapon fire on the Sar-e Pol-e Zahab and Salehabad fronts, a minefield and a number of enemy supply depots were destroyed and more than 50 Iraqi personnel were killed or injured. The powerful artillery fire of the ground forces on an enemy motor pool damaged more than 30 light and heavy vehicles of the Saddamists.

On the Marivan front, the heavy-artillery fire of the ground forces on enemy positions and units in the Panjwin, Harginah and Diyareh regions disintegrated an enemy motorized column and damaged [words indistinct]. A number of the Saddamists' supply points were also destroyed and their artillery was silenced.

By firing on enemy positions on one of the Ilam fronts, the brave gendarmerie personnel destroyed about 20 Iraqi trenches and foxholes, killed or wounded their crews and put 2 vehicles of the Iraqi forces out of action.

On the Iranshahr front, artillery and heavy-weapon fire of the valiant personnel of Islam on enemy positions and fortifications on the other side of [word indistinct] silenced enemy fire, prevented the [word indistinct] activities of the Saddamists and set on fire and destroyed 3 mortars, 2 ammunition dumps, 5 trucks, 14 trenches and foxholes and observation posts and 2 Iraqi troop concentration points. In the (Haji 'Omran) sector, more than 30 Iraqi personnel were killed or wounded; consequently many enemy ambulances were active for hours.

During the past 24 hours, sporadic exchanges of fire took place on most of the southern fronts. The victorious combatants of Islam returned enemy fire and bravely defended their positions and sectors on all fronts.

Yesterday enemy long-range artillery fire on residential and installation areas of Abadan wrecked a number of houses, martyred 3 dear compatriots and injured 22 others.

[Signed] The Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran

ARMED FORCES JOINT STAFF COMMUNIQUE NO 951

LD211742 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Communique No 951 of the Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran]

[Text] In His exalted name. On the anniversary of the martyrdom of the armed mystic and ascetic devotee, the brave commander of Islam Dr Mostafa Chamran, by remembering all his efforts for the sake of the ascendency of the word of truth, we send greetings to his great soul which was the embodiment of love and self-sacrifice in the path of the beloved one.

The fighters of Islam, the faithful comrades of Chamran, as a result of the blessings of the blood of all the martyrs of Islam during the past year, inflicted heavy blows on the aggressive forces of Saddam.

While increasing the severity of their blows against the Ba'thist enemies, they will continue their fight until they liberate the rest of the occupied territories and achieve all the legitimate conditions set by the Islamic Republic of Iran for ending the imposed war. They will actively take part on the battlefronts against the usurping Zionists in south Lebanon until the liberation of beloved Jerusalem and will not refrain from sacrificing their lives and belongings.

We hereby inform the Muslim and combative Iranian nation of a summary of the operations during the past 24 hours in the southern and western fronts of the country:

Yesterday exchange of fire continued in the western fronts of the country, especially in Sar-e Pol-e Zahab and Gilan-e Gharb, and our forces responded to the enemy fire. As a result, while putting an end to the activities of the aggressive forces, they destroyed one tank, one ammunition depot, four vehicles, some military supply depots and a number of trenches in those regions.

In the (Ban-Sheytan) region, as a result of firing on an enemy vehicle column, damages and losses were inflicted on the forces of Saddam.

Also, our forces stationed in Band-e Kabud, Kan-e Sakht and Konjancham fired at enemy positions and silenced enemy fire, putting an end to their movements.

In the Marivan region, exchange of fire continued.

The forces of Islam killed a number of enemy personnel by firing at concentration points of the forces of Saddam in the Biarreh region.

On the southern fronts, the exchange of fire continued on a sporadic basis and our forces defended their positions. As a result of firing by our forces in response to enemy fire, a number of enemy foxholes and trenches were destroyed on the other side of the Arvand-Rud and a number of Iraqi personnel were killed or wounded. Enemy bunker construction in that region was also stopped.

Yesterday, as a result of heavy-weapon fire by the forces of Saddam over the residential parts of Abadan, 19 of our compatriots were wounded and 1 was martyred. Seven residential homes and shops were also destroyed.

During the past 24 hours, the aggressive acts of enemy planes against border areas in the south and west of the country were repulsed as a result of heavy antiaircraft fire by our units; the violating enemies fled.

[Signed] The Joint Staff of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran

## ARABS CRITICIZED FOR SILENCE OVER LEBANON

GF191750 Tehran International Service in Turkish 1830 GMT 17 Jun 82

[Unattributed commentary: "Lebanon's Occupation"]

[Excerpts] Dear listeners: Although U.S. maneuvers in the political field following the invasion of Lebanon and the ruthless massacre of poor and defenseless Lebanese Muslims by the regime occupying the Muslim land of Palestine have prepared the ground for the happiness of compromising Arab governments, the poor and oppressed masses have become aware of the fact that has come to light that international oppressors, Zionists and compromising governments see eye to eye and act harmoniously on the question of the Middle East (?crisis).

The agreement on implementing the clause in the treacherous Camp David accords for [words indistinct] by the Palestinians in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip has been foiled by the right and just struggle of the Muslim Palestinians. They are the people who have prevented the realization of this treacherous plan.

If the clauses of the Camp David accords (?were to be studied), the conclusions to be drawn would be that the existence of the Zionist regime is a dagger in the heart of the Islamic world, that the Palestinian Islamic revolution will be contained within the framework of protocols stipulating interventions and that all Muslims in the Middle East will be (?at the mercy) of foreign exploiters and colonialists.

Apart from all this there is the following reality: It has become quite clear to the masses supporting the oppressed of the world and the poor Palestinians that the United States and Israel are endeavoring through their recent political and military onslaughts in the Arab Middle East to bring about a change in the political scene of Lebanon — a change that will be acceptable to Israel. Thus, they aim at acquiring and safeguarding long-term interests for international oppressors in the region. Another objective is to have the minimum negative effect on the conspiracy that the compromising governments are endeavoring to hatch.

Currently, the character of the antipopulist United States and the regimes aligned to it has become more clear to the masses of the world. The silence of compromising Arab governments in the face of the Lebanon crisis is very sad. This is due to the fact that the silence they have preferred. [sentence as heard]

The officials of the Zionist regime, who express their pleasure without feeling the need to conceal it, know and state that their military onslaughts and their massacre of Palestinians will provide compromising Arab governments with an opportunity to continue in power. This state of affairs will even bring them stability.

As a matter of fact, the vampire Tel Aviv regime's ambassador to New York has said in clear terms: The fact that the compromising Arab governments have remained mere onlookers on the question of Lebanon has led us to the conclusion that Israel's weakening of the Palestinian Revolution in Lebanon may create an opportunity to establish peace in the Middle East. Israel's move will lead to the creation of a favorable atmosphere allowing the participation of compromising Arab governments in talks related to granting autonomy to Palestine.

Yes, the remarks of the vampire Tel Aviv regime's ambassador to New York clearly prove that the Zionists and compromising Arab governments are moving in a united manner in the direction of their common interests. The demand put forward by the United States and Israel after the occupation of Lebanon to the effect that Palestinian and Syrian units pull out of that country and their announcement that they intend to transfer the administration of Lebanon to their rightist servants after reinforcing them reveals only a minute corner of the treacherous contents of the Camp David accords.

Under the pretext of a multinational force to safeguard peace in Lebanon, the United States intends to prolong its military intervention in that country. It will be recalled that it has been successful in realizing a similar policy in the Sinai. Meanwhile, by creating a buffer zone, Israel intends to secure the borders of the lands it has usurped, just as in the case of the Sinai.

The conclusion one can draw from all this is that international imperialism intends to destroy the Palestinian Revolution and Islamic movements in order to continue plundering the wealth of the Middle East peoples. This stems from the fact that Islamic movements, which are anti-imperialist and anti-Zionist, are opposed to their despicable acts of robbery.

TURKEY REPORTEDLY REFUSES IRANIAN OVERFLIGHTS

GF210635 (Clandestine) Voice of Iran in Persian 0330 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] Reports received from Ankara indicate that 'Ali Akbar Velayati, the foreign minister of the (?Tehran regime), on his way from Damascus to Tehran, held talks with Turkish Foreign Ministry officials at the Ankara airport.

The informed circles report that Velayati asked the Turkish Government to agree to allow Iranian military planes to overfly Turkish territory on their way to Syria. However, for the second time, the Turkish officials have rejected this request.

We remind the listeners that last week the mullah regime had made the same request to the Turkish officials and the Turkish Government had agreed to allow only two nonmilitary planes to overfly Turkish territory on the conditions that the planes would only carry medicine and food to the (?affected) people in Lebanon.

MONTAZERI CRITICIZES MOJAHEDIN OFFER OF HELP

LD202234 Tehran IRNA in English 1903 GMT 20 Jun 82

[Text] Qom, June 20, IRNA -- Families and survivors of the martyrs of the June 28th bombing of the Islamic Republican Party headquarters, members of the special headquarters to commemorate the event, along with the people wounded in that bomb explosion, met with Ayatollah Montazeri here on Saturday.

Hojjat ol-Eslam Baghani, the Sabzevar deputy in the Majlis, who was wounded in the June 28th bombing, submitted a report to the ayatollah concerning the commemoration ceremony for the event this year.

Ayatollah Montazeri, while condoling the survivors of the martyrs, said those people were not the only ones left with sorrow, for all the Iranian nation was afflicted with the calamity of those martyrdoms. He added that all the ones martyred on June 28th were brilliant columns of the Islamic revolution.

The martyrs, the ayatollah went on, traversed their path and reached their goal by going the shortest route. However, he continued, the ones who were left were shouldering the highest, and heaviest, responsibilities.

Addressing the hypocrites and those who still followed the MKO [Mojahedin-e Khalq organization] Ayatollah Montazeri said they fancied they would undermine the Islamic revolution by martyring those people, but could not imagine that the revolution and Islamic Republic was strengthened and fortified by this event.

Speaking on the responsibility of Iran to defend the Palestinians and the Lebanese in the face of the blatant Zionist aggression against them, the ayatollah said Iran could not remain indifferent in that regard, albeit some reactionary countries' heads of state would resent it.

He then criticised the MKO's recent statement voicing support for the Lebanese and wanting to fight there, and said the MKO had been tested already in the Iraqi imposed war on Iran and that it had not even condemned the U.S., but instead helped Iraq. So, he asked, how could they possibly fight on another such front against U.S. interest?

In conclusion, Ayatollah Montazeri said the Iranian nation was counting days to the fight with the Zionists in the Al-Quds front, and he called on officials to prepare grounds in that regard.

KHOMEYNI PRAISES POLICE FOR UNCOVERING THEFT

LD191312 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 19 Jun 82

[Text] According to the Central News Unit, Colonel Hejazi, chief of the Police of the Islamic Republic of Iran, accompanied by a number of officials of the police force, criminal investigation department and prosecutor's office who played a role in uncovering the theft from Reza Abbasi Museum were today received by Imam Khomeyni, leader of the revolution and founder of the Islamic Republic of Iran. During this meeting, the imam of the nation made the following remarks:

In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. In the previous regime and in the world today, the police are in the service of powerful individuals. The individuals who wanted to extend their command and influence over the country but were unable to control all the people resorted to installing one or a few strong and powerful people such as Reza Khan, who entered the scene under the pretext of rescuing Iran, grabbed all the powers and put Iran at the disposal of Britain. In the world today, the police do not serve the masses and the poor, they serve the powerful.

The reason all the powers are not on good terms with Iran, exaggerate any insignificant issue and minimize any great achievement is because our police and armed forces today are different. Our police force today mixes with the people. Police and other organs are all at the service of a school of thought that had been suppressed for years. It is due to God Almighty's blessings that this country was saved. This auspicious phenomenon came about only to make everyone aware.

The Reza Abbasi Museum incident is a good example of how the world exaggerates insignificant events taking place in Iran and ignores the great events. As far as I have gathered, the world did not mention this incident at all, although it is one of the most important crimes uncovered by the police. Had this taken place somewhere else, in a friendly country, they would have given it a hundred times more publicity. They fear Iran -- not its individuals but the unity among our people and the fact that the police, the armed forces and the government are all in the service of the masses and the latter supports the former. If a policeman patrolling the street gets into trouble, people come to help him out. You should keep this in mind and remind your personnel that there are still hands constantly working against us.

What they have lost is their foundation, which has deprived them of everything. This event and phenomenon has had far-reaching effects. That is because everyone here is in the service of Islam. Ther police also are in the service of Islam and what you do is in fact as important as prayers. Your service is of value before God Almighty. You give honor to the country that has risen for God's sake and I must thank you for uncovering this theft.

Peace be upon you.

60 REBELS KILLED, WOUNDED IN MIANDO'AB

LD201940 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 20 Jun 82

[Text] The Central News Unit reports that in a clash yesterday between army servicemen and the Miando'ab Islamic Revolution Guards Corps on one side and outlawed armed elements on the other in the vicinities of the villages of (Behiabad) and Kalb-e Reza Khan in Miando'ab District, 60 counterrevolutionaries were killed or wounded.

The northwest operational headquarters reports that when the army and guards reinforcements arrived, the counterrevolutionaries, totaling more than 200, who penetrated into this area through the orchards surrounding Miando'ab and clashed with [words indistinct] in villages of (Behiabad) and Kalb-e Reza Khan and the (Moqbeli) junction, offered no resistance and escaped, leaving behind 60 dead or wounded.

GUARDS REPORT SUCCESSES AGAINST 'HYPOCRITES'

LD211824 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 21 Jun 82

[Text] According to a Central News Unit report, the Central Islamic Revolution Committee in a statement revealed the successful and fruitful performances in recent days by the guards of the Islamic Revolution Committee, with the cooperation of the 36-million-strong intelligence organization, as follows:

The self-sacrificing guards of the Islamic Revolution Committee, with the help of the selfless brothers of the central Islamic revolution prosecutor's office, discovered and destroyed 11 safehouses belonging to the criminal hypocrites organization in various parts of Tehran, in the course of which 17 top members of the hypocrites organization were killed and another 14 were arrested. Assorted weapons, including G-3's, M-3's, Colts, grenades, RPG-7's, and a vast amount of organizational documents and a large number of cyanide tablets were seized from these hideouts.

During the course of the discovery and destruction of these safehouses, one selfless Islamic Revolution Committee guard, named (Majid 'Abbasiyan), was martyred and through the redness of his blood signed these criminals' elimination document.

Also, in the course of four street clashes between the antipeople hypocrites and the selfless guards of the Islamic Revolution Committee, eight hypocrites organization members were killed and a few were arrested. A number of stolen vehicles, G-3's, [word indistinct] Colts and organizational documents as well as a number of cyanide tablets were seized from these criminal fighters who were involved in the assassinations of a number of defenseless members of the Islamic Republican Party and the theft of a number of vehicles.

[Words indistinct] through cooperation of the party more than 15 important hypocrite organization members were arrested and handed over to justice.

Once again, we warn all deceived persons, as long as there is a chance to come back to the [word indistinct] of imam of the nation, Imam Khomeyni, they will face the same destiny as other mercenaries face.

GUARDS NAME 'HYPOCRITES' KILLED IN TEHRAN

LD191830 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 19 Jun 82

[Text] The Central News Unit reports that the Public Relations Office of the Central Headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps announced in a statement that following the discovery of several safehouses belonging to the hypocrites organization by the brothers in the Guards Corps of the 10th District of the country [as heard], with the cooperation of the 36-million-strong intelligence organization, a number of these criminals met the doomed end of all world-loving hypocrites and corrupted in Tehran. The names of some of them are:

1. Majid Farzanehsar, an old and active member in charge of the workers' affairs of the hypocrites;
2. Hoseyn Jannati, an old and active member and the hypocrites' candidate to the Majlis from Esfahan;
3. 'Adbolnaqi (Mo'azemmi), an active member, the hypocrites candidate from Jahrom;

4. Sirus Latifi, an active member in the provincial affairs of the hypocrites;
5. Elahe Farsi, an active member and the wife of Sirus Latifi;
6. Mas'ud Saffari, an active member of the workers' affairs of the hypocrites;
7. Farrokh Ghiur, one of the active members and the wife of 'Abdolnaqi (Mo'azemmi);
8. Mohammad Samadi, an old and active member of the hypocrites;
9. Mohammad Samadi's wife;
10. Parviz Naqipur, an old and active member of the hypocrites;
11. Parviz Naqipur's wife;
12. 'Ali Akbar Zamani, an old and active member of the hypocrites;
13. 'Ali Akbar Zamani's wife; and
14. Sudabeh Mo'ezi, an old and active member of the hypocrites and the wife of Tariqat Monfared.

Several other terrorist hypocrites were also killed in a confrontation with the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps, and from the safehouses a number of firearms such as G-3's, Colts, machineguns, grenades, cyanide capsules and homemade bombs, forged documents and papers, forging equipment and a number of interorganizational documents were found.

Once again, while warning all these duped elements subservient to the East and the West, we announce that they should return to the bosom of dear Islam and the imam of the martyr-nurturing nation; otherwise they will suffer the same fate as other hirelings of worldwide oppression.

[Signed] The Public Relations Office of the Central Headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps of Iran

MOJAHEDIN CLAIM OF WOUNDING AHMAD KHOMEYNI SCORED

LD201026 Tehran IRNA in English 0913 GMT 20 Jun 82

[Text] Tehran, June 19, IRNA -- The evening daily ETTELA'AT today carried a commentary on the recent BBC report which quoted the MKO (Mojahedin-e Khalq organization) leader as claiming that the MKO members in their attack on the automobile of the son of Imam Khomeyni, had wounded him and killed ten people and wounded 5 others.

The newspaper said this claim may have created joy among the circle of politically bankrupt and discarded elements, including the counterrevolutionaries in Paris, London and Washington. However, it added, all these vicious hopes fell into pieces when on Thursday, one day after the BBC announcement, Hojjat ol-Eslam Ahmad Khomeyni in Enqelab (Revolution) Square read the message of Imam Khomeyni, marking the fourth anniversary of the foundation of the reconstruction jihad, to a large crowd.

The newspaper pointed out that in fact the mean spirited MKO organization was already dead. If the question is then raised who is behind these acts of terrorism, the answer is that it is not difficult to attack an old man or woman or a worker's house or a public bus. Besides, the intelligence organisations of the United States, England and the Zionist regime were yet active. The article further added that it was possible that the MKO, in order to save itself, had resorted to the intelligence organisations. But the recent great lie of the spokesman of the MKO concerning wounding Hojjat ol-Eslam Ahmad Khomeyni showed that even these organisation did not have hope in the MKO.

The idea behind such a claim by the spokesman of the MKO, was to give hope to the intelligence organisations of the U.S., Britain and the Zionist regime and it seemed that the MKO wanted these organisations to believe that the MKO had not fallen to pieces. However the presence of Hojjat ol-Eslam Khomeyni in Enqelab Square proved that the claims of the MKO of "iron organisational discipline" were just empty words, although to begin with the foundation of the MKO was baseless, the article said.